STRNER'S HILL

PARKTON

PRIVACE

Durner's Mill (also known as Roser Mill or Parkton Mill) was built by James Turner some time between the tax lists of 1823 and 1833. It was later adapted to turbine power and in the mid-1880s it was equipped with George T. Smith roller units. Production continued here until 1974, outlasting all other rural mills in the county. The last owner, Stuart Roser, discontinued flour production but turned out large quantities of corn meal and animal feed until his retirement. The mill was converted to an antique and gift shop in 1977. It is still equipped with two sets of grinding stones, flour sifting units, chutes, pulleys, elevators, and cast iron searing

# MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

# INVENTORY FORM FOR STATE HISTORIC SITES SURVEY

1 NAME				
HISTORIC TUR	NER MILL			
AND/OR COMMON				<del></del>
ROS	ER MILL, PARKTON N	MILL		
2 LOCATION			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
STREET & NUMBER	•			
204 Dairy	Road			
CITY, TOWN		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	CONGRESSIONAL DIST	RICT
Parkton	X	VICINITY OF	2nd	
STATE Marvland 2	1120		COUNTY	
3 CLASSIFIC			Raltimore	
CLASSIFIC	ATION			
CATEGORY	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	PRES	ENT USE
DISTRICT	PUBLIC	X OCCUPIED	AGRICULTURE	MUSEUM
X_BUILDING(S)	X_PRIVATE	UNOCCUPIED	X_COMMERCIAL	PARK
STRUCTURE	ВОТН	WORK IN PROGRESS	EDUCATIONAL	PRIVATE RESIDENC
SITE OBJECT	PUBLIC ACQUISITION	ACCESSIBLE	ENTERTAINMENT	RELIGIOUS
_063201	IN PROCESSBEING CONSIDERED	X_YES: RESTRICTED	GOVERNMENT	_SCIENTIFIC
	BEING CONSIDERED	YES: UNRESTRICTEDNO	INDUSTRIAL	TRANSPORTATION
			MILITARY	OTHER:
4 OWNER OF	FPROPERTY			
NAME MARTIN	P. and CATHERINE	KERSSE	Telephone #: 32	9-6446
STREET & NUMBER			TOTOPHONE #. 0-	
	iry Road			
CITY, TOWN				ip code
Parkto		VICINITY OF	Maryla	nd 21120
5 LUCATION	OF LEGAL DESCR	IPTION	Liber #: EHK J	R. 5780
COURTHOUSE,	County County I	See ! 2. 2.!	Folio #:	155
REGISTRY OF DEEDS, E	TC County Courts I	Building		
STREET & NUMBER	401 Bosley Aver	Door 406		
CITY, TOWN	TOT BOSTEY AVEI	ide, Room 406	STATE	
	Towson			nd 21204
6 REPRESEN	TATION IN EXIST	NG SURVEYS		
TITLE Baltime	ore County Sites S	Survev		
DATE	nd Historical Trus	t		
	ng since 1964	FEDERAL S	STATE _COUNTY _LOCAL	
DEPOSITORY FOR			LOCAL	<del></del>
	21 State Circle			
CITY, TOWN	Annanolia		STATE	
	Annapolis		Maryla	nd 21401
			- <del></del>	

CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

\_\_EXCELLENT
X\_GOOD

\_\_FAIR

\_\_DETERIORATED
\_\_RUINS
\_\_UNEXPOSED

\_unaltered
Xaltered

X\_ORIGINAL SITE
\_\_MOVED DATE\_\_\_\_\_

## DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Turner Mill is a large industrial structure located on the northside of Dairy Road. The architectural front of the mill faces into the side yard and is here described as the east facade. The south facade is aligned with a section of abandoned public road. The west facade is the architectural rear, where waterwheels and turbines were located. The north facade is formed by a recent addition built of cinder block.

The mill consists of basement, two full stories, and an attic in the main, original structure. The original structure was 30 feet wide by 30 feet, 1 inch long. The basement and part of the first story were of stone; the upper stories were frame and clapboard in the original configuration.

Dimensions given in the 1918 tax list were 30 by 42, which would account for the first, 12-foot extension to the south. Two subsequent additions were made: about 1921, an 8-foot platform-office extension was added on the south; and in 1950, a 34 by 44-foot addition of cinder block was added to the north facade.

The main (east) facade of the original mill is three bays wide. The loading doors are set in the center bay and are found at three levels. The hoisting mechanism is sheltered by a small extension of the roof ridge called a hood (about 3 feet, 8 inches in width, with about 3 feet of overhang).

The north, cinder block extension provides a basement and a first-story level as seen from the westside of the mill, and a one-story garage as seen from the eastside. The west end of the addition is flush with the rear of the original mill, while the east end extends 13 feet, 11 inches east of the original facade, providing a roll-up door entrance to a one-truck garage.

The two southern extensions of the mill provide two bays of space, including a loading platform sheltered by a shed roof. The south facade of the original mill is completely lost in this addition. The combined additions form the south facade, which is three bays in depth.

The west end or rear of the mill is of irregular fenestration, due in part to the mixture of additions and in part to the mill-wrighting custom of avoiding windows near the moisture-laden wheel pit. Three doors open on this facade.

Attached to the west facade of the basic mill building are the remains of the forebay that contained the turbine. A long, riveted iron conduit leads from the terminus of the millrace to the

PERIOD  — PREHISTORIC  — 1400-1499  — 1500-1599  — 1600-1699  — 1700-1799  X 1800-1899  — 1900-	ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC  _ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC  _AGRICULTURE  X_ARCHITECTURE  _ART  X_COMMERCE  _COMMUNICATIONS	REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE CH  COMMUNITY PLANNING  CONSERVATION  ECONOMICS  EDUCATION  ENGINEERING  EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT  XINDUSTRY  INVENTION	HECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW  LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE  LAW  LITERATURE  MILITARY  MUSIC  PHILOSOPHY  POLITICS/GOVERNMENT	RELIGION SCIENCE SCULPTURE SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN THEATER TRANSPORTATION OTHER (SPECIFY)
SPECIFIC DAT	ES 1823-1833	BUILDER/ARCH	HITECT	,

#### STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

Turners Mill (known as Roser's Mill for the past 42 years) is significant as a well-built 19th Century mill that retains numerous millwrighting features, has two sets of visible stones, a bolting chest, feed mixer, corn sheller, bins, elevator chutes, and other equipment as well as a visible millrace. It is interesting in that it functioned until 1974, surviving the general decline among rural mills.

Located on the northside of Dairy Road north of the village of Parkton, the mill was powered by the waters of Little Falls, the upper reach of Gunpowder Falls.

The mill has been assigned 18th Century dates of origin in earlier written accounts, but it is not to be found in tax lists of 1783, 1798, 1818, nor 1823. Its first mention appears in the 1833 Assessor's Field Book of Old District 5, where the entry read:

James Turner has Lot No. 2 Part of Calder Castle ...

Lot No. 7 Containing 418 Acres
valued at 6 Dols Per Acre \$2025
Improvements 2606
One Grist Mill 1000. (1)

Turner was also charged with the same 418 acres in the 1841 Assessor's Field Book of what had been renumbered District 7; he had a second gristmill on the tract Curfmanstadt. (2) The 1852 assessment also charged Turner with \$1000 on his "Grist Mill and Machinery." (3) Sidney's 1850 map of the county showed the J. Turner mill at the site under discussion. (4)

Turner (1783-1861) was a Captain in the Battle of North Point in 1814. He served in the U.S. House of Representatives from 1833 to 1837 and was later a member of both houses of the Maryland General Assembly. (5)

The most important clue to the first owner of the mill is found in James Turner's will, signed in April of 1857, wherein he mentioned a parcel of land which:

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

(continued)

ベルシャク

Maryland 21204

# 9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Baltimore County Tax Lists, Deeds, Wills, Judicial Records.

The American Miller, various entries, 1886-1889.

# 10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY 2.21

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

Towson\_

CITY OR TOWN

The formal deed description of this property describes a 10-acre tract that has been diminished by subsequent sales. Present property is an inverted T-shaped figure, with approximately 1,100 feet frontage on northside of Dairy Road with an irregular depth of approximately 100 feet. The panhandle embracing the mill race extends approximately 1,750 feet northward to right-of-way of I-83. (See Tax Map 12, Parcel P43).

LIST	ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FO	OR PROPERTIES OVERLA	PPING STATE	OR COUNTY BOUNDA	KIES
STATE NO	one	COUNTY	None		
STATE		COUNTY			
No	ne		None		
FORM I	PREPARED BY				w. :=
IAME / TITLE	John McGrain, Sit	es Surveyor		DATE	-
	John McGrain, Sit			April 1980	
IAME / TITLE	John McGrain, Sit	ng and Zoning			

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature, to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 Supplement.

The Survey and Inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

RETURN TO: Maryland Historical Trust

The Shaw House, 21 State Circle

Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 267-1438

forebay; this rusting conduit is 2 feet, 9 inches in diameter. The forebay was sheltered by a small shed roof, part of which was removed by the last miller. The turbine has also been removed. Some iron parts, including a bevel gear, which were part of the transmission system for bringing the power of the turbine into the main building, survive. Other loose parts are in storage, including a cast iron bevel gear fitted with wooden teeth.

The roofing is gable in form over the main building, shed type over the additions. Roofing material is both seamed and corrugated metal, laid over old shingles. From the attic, the underside of the roofing plates can be seen; the supporting timbers are fairly thin, pegged or pinned into place. A metal dust collector stands on the roof at the southeast corner, although the metal conduit that formerly led to it has been removed to prevent roof leakage.

The stone walls of the foundation were coated with concrete during the tenure of Stuart Roser to meet the requirements of health inspectors. He also had the original clapboard covered with composition shingles. These white shingles were painted a deep red in 1979.

## Interior

The office entrance is off the loading platform. The shipping entrance off the platform is through a board-and-batten sliding door.

The first story contains an office in the southwest corner of the southern addition. The rest of the building is occupied by bins, machinery, stairs, elevator chutes, and posts, but is otherwise fluid space.

A row of three posts marks the division between the original building and the first of the additions; part of a stone wall at the west end of the building also marks the original mill outlines.

Two other posts along the main axis of the building are the original internal supports of the basic mill.

The west end of the first floor contains two sets of grinding stones, one set exposed to view, the other encased in a circular wooden vat and equipped with its grain hopper as if ready to function.

The new owners removed a large molasses mixer from the southeast corner of the building; its associated feed mixer, a cylindrical metal installation that runs through two stories, is still in place, a product of the Sprout-Waldron firm.

Safety regulations have recently forced the plugging up of holes and slots in the floor where former belting passed through from one story to another. Other recent changes are the addition of porch railings to the loading platform; the three stone steps on the east entrance to the hoisting doors have been covered with concrete and fitted with a handrail.

The first story has open stairs leading to the second story and a

trapdoor leading to the basement. The stair treads can be pulled out of their slots for easy replacement. The first-story (east) loading door is a Dutch door of board and batten, lined up under the hoisting equipment, opening onto the east entrance steps mentioned before.

The basement contains the boots (or lower termini) of the elevator systems that carried flour or meal in small metal scoops attached to endless belting. The most interesting survival is a cast iron "master mortice wheel" as the last miller called it; this large bevel gear lies horizontally and is fitted with wooden teeth that are replaceable. The master mortice gear meshed with cast iron bevel gears that, in turn, drove the moving members of the millstone installations located on the floor above via nickel-steel axles. Massive wooden levers referred to by the last miller as "cradles" but called "tentering staffs" in more antique terminology are part of the gearing system in this corner of the basement; these devices serve as a demonstration of the way the miller was able to make precise adjustments in the spacing between the millstones by adjusting these seemingly crude levers.

The basement also contains the electric motors, switch panels, and circuit breaker panels installed when the mill was converted to electric power. There is also a large pulley fashioned from laminated layers of wood by Stuart Roser himself to provide step-down belt power between the electric motor and the millstones. One basement window opens on the east end (main facade) and another in the west end over-looking the wheel pit.

The second story contains a one-room office that is located in the roadside extension. The mill chimney passes through the southwest corner of this room. Features of the second story are four bins, another board-and-batten loading door opening into empty space, an Eclipse Hominy Mill bearing a patent date of 1870, and a bolter or bolting chest (i.e., a flour-sifting device with a revolving screen); this machine has no trademark and may have been a home-fabricated imitation of a more finished commercial model.

The third level or attic (there are no dormers) contains three bins, another loading door, the heads of the elevator systems, pulleys, elements of the hoisting system, and miscellaneous spare parts. This level is comprised of only the original mill structure.

#### Grounds

The millrace terminated at a poured concrete wall that fed the metal conduit to the forebay; there is also an arched wastewater outflow in this barrier. The millrace extends northward from the concrete wall. The race is now mostly dry, marked by a depression and a line of small trees, but when full of water there was sufficient depth to float a cance and it was navigable upstream to approximately the present right-of-way of I-83 where the race began.

## Miller's House

The miller's dwelling to the east of the mill is a two-story frame

and log house with a gable roof and a back building, now covered with clapboard. It is clearly shown in a plat of 1875. Dimensions given in the 1918 tax ledger were 16 by 22 feet, two stories. (MHT NO. BA 1203).

I demise to be attached to, and become part and parcel of such a lot as may hereafter be laid off for the benefit of the mill which I erected on the real estate on which I now reside ... (6)

These proofs should eliminate claims that Captain Calder, first settler at Parkton and ancestor of the Turner family, was builder of the mill. On James Turner's death in 1861, his inventory included:

2000 chestnut sleepers now lying on the railroad. (7)

This mill passed to his widow, Sarah Calder Turner, and then to their son, James Calder Turner, Jr., and then to Georgetta Turner.

Both Grist Mill and tenant house were charged to Georgetha /sic / Turner in the 1876 tax ledger. (8) The mill also appeared on the 1877 atlas plate of Seventh District. In an inter-family lawsuit of 1874, the accounts that were entered into the record show that the mill was under lease to J. S. / Scott / Price, who was a member of the extended family of the first settler. (9)

The 1880 census showed that J. K. Judson was tenant at the mill and that all his business was done on a "custom" basis—that is, the miller ground grain for his customers and took payment in a portion of the flour or meal; no grain was purchased for cash. The census data also shows that a turbine wheel operated at 360 rpm to develop 10 horsepower from the 10-foot fall on Little Gunpowder. Maximum output capacity was 50 bushels per diem. Annual output was 400 bbl. flour, 40 bbl. of rye, and a half-ton of buckwheat, 52.5 tons of meal, and 92.5 tons of feed, a total value of \$7,117. The mill represented \$5,000 capital investment and had two run of stones. (10)

In a second round of family litigation in 1884, various interesting comments were made by witnesses in the case: Henry Wiers called it "a mill which is growing out of repair and there is no revenue derived from the property save from the rent of the mill." (11) Wiers continued, saying:

but the buildings were in a very dilapidated condition, I mean the mill and dwelling house .... Have frequently been in the mill and know its condition. I take my grinding there. I don't know who had full control of the mill; Mr. Anstine was the miller there. Don't know who had charge of the repairs or what repairs were put upon it since Georgetta Turner became the owner. (12)

Jasper Joyce, agent for the owner stated:

the mill has been renting for \$525 per year ... the mill proper without the meadow ... it is an old mill and right smartly out of repair, the house on the mill property is not very good .... it is not much of a dam connected with the mill, it would require considerable repairs to make it a substantial one, I can't say positively but rather think the forebay

is a little old, I might have stated to Mr. Anstine that he paid more for the mill than it was worth. (13)

At the subsequent sale, David B. Anstine purchased the mill. (14) He was the author of a testimonial printed in an 1886 advertisement by George T. Smith. Anstine praised the qualities of the "Smith Centrifugal Reel" which was "making a clear, sharp flour. I drive it with a 2-1/2 inch belt. I think it is the best centrifugal made." (15)

However, by 1888, Anstine was insolvent, and the mill was again offered for sale, advertised as "on a strong stream with all modern improved machinery and an excellent run of custom." (16) Anstine's wife bought the place back at the sale. J. E. Slyder rented the mill, and in a letter of December 1, 1888, he informed the editor of the American Miller that "it is a Smith Mill, with Rickerson and Butler Rolls. It has a capacity of 25 barrels in 24 hours." (17)

Slyder's letter confirms the fact that the mill had been converted to roller units, that would make flour competitive in whiteness and quality with that being made in Minneapolis. Maryland and other eastern and southern mills tried to produce a flour that would please the consumer, but usually could not compete against the economies of scale available to western millers.

The majority of small eastern mills were gradually driven out of business by the competition from the west, but Roser's mill was one that resisted the trend.

In 1889, it was reported that John L. Hoffman, J. E. Slyder's head miller, had his left hand caught between cog wheels and three of his fingers were so badly mangled as to necessitate amputation. (18)

In 1889, Mrs. Anstine conveyed title to William Wise, who only held six months and sold to Elizabeth A. Jones. (19) George W. Carr bought the mill in 1891 and Carr and wife conveyed to Lemuel M. Carr and wife in 1912. (20) The successive millers were J. Frank Shultz, 1915; Joseph E. Walter, 1919; William E. Smoot, 1920; Walter again in 1921, and finally in 1938, Stuart and Olive Roser. (21)

Through all those owners, the business had resisted the national trend toward decline, and no one had defaulted since 1888, although it was common for a miller to invest heavily in roller process equipment and fail to generate the new business to pay for it.

Stuart Roser recalled in his retirement that he had paid very little for the mill (an estimated \$4500, judging from the revenue stamps on the deed); he paid for the place in about a year and once enjoyed sales of \$97,000. He eventually discontinued flour, selling the self-contained American Marvel Midget Flour Mill to some missionaries in Paraguay. He cut down on assistants, becoming a one-man business. New investments in molasses tanks and feed mixers made the mill an animal-feed works, although cornmeal was available under Roser's own name and under a mythical "Red Mill" label for sale in fancy grocery

stores. During his flour-making days, the toll taken in kind from the processing of other people's grain brought in about \$25 a day. (22)

In 1958, the water rights to Little Falls which powered the turbines, were condemned by the State in connection with construction of Route I-83, and Roser was forced to install electric motors to drive the machinery.

After 36 years of business, Roser closed up in April of 1974. The mill had survived the two floods of the early 1970s, although there had been 30 inches of water in the cellar on June 22, 1972 during the storm code-named "Agnes." (23) A real estate agent began to offer the mill, dating it at 1786, in the classified ads in late 1974, but there were no takers for a mill as a going business, and finally in 1977, buyers were found who had an adaptive reuse in mind, Martin P. and Catherine Kersse. (24) During their conversion of the mill to an antique shop, Mr. Roser advised them how to reassemble the millstones and millstone vats and grain hoppers that had been long in disuse—and none too soon, because the last of the county's rural millers died in August of 1978, little more than a year after signing away his trusty mill.

#### NOTES:

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- 2. Assessor's Field Book, District 7, 1841, Hall of Records #8249.
- 3. Assessment, District 7, 1852, Hall of Records #8266.
- 4. J. Thomas Scharf, <u>History of Baltimore City and County</u>, Philadelphia, 1881), p. 873.
- 5. J. C. Sidney and J. P. Browne, A Map of the City and County of Baltimore from Original Surveys (James M. Stephens, Publisher: Baltimore, 1850).
- 6. Baltimore County Wills, JLR 2:146.
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- 8. Tax Ledger, District 7, 1876, f. 170.
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- 10. 1880, Manufacturer's Census, Microfilm, State Library, Annapolis.
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- 14. Baltimore County Deeds, WMI 143:588.
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- 20. B.C. Deeds, WPC 391:570.
- 21. B.C. Deeds, CWB 1035:116.
- 22. Two interviews with Stuart Roser: June 11, 1967 and also November 7, 1974. S.R.C. Land Acquisition Plat 20032.
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- 24. Steven M. Luxenberg, "Buyer Sought for Mill," <u>Sun</u>, February 21, 1975, p. Cl. Sale advertisement by W. Burton Guy, agent, <u>Sunday Sun</u>, November 17, 1974.

Form 10-300 (Dec. 1968)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

# NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM

STATE:	
Ma.	
COUNTY:	
Balto. Co.	
FOR NPS USE O	NLY
ENTRY NUMBER	DATE

1.	NAME			i engli		· ·	
	Roser Mill						
	and/or Historic: Calders Mill	, Turners	Mill				
2.	LOCATION						
	street and number: Cod Dairy Road,	west side	e, west of Pa	arkton			
	CITY OR TOWN: Parkton						
	STATE Ed.		CODE	Balto. C		co	DE
3.	CLASSIFICATION					<del></del>	
	CATEGORY (Check One)		OWNERSHIP		STATUS	TO THE PUBL	1
	District Building		Public Acquisi	tian:	Occupied	Yes:	
	Site Structure	Private 2	In Process	$\equiv$	Unoccupied	Restricted	<b>-</b>
	Object	Both	Being Con	sidered	Preservation work in progress	Unrestricted	
	PRESENT USE (Check One or M	lore as Appropri	iate)				
	Agricultural Governm		Park	Tra	nsportation	Comments	
	Commercial Industria						
			Private Residenc	△ ()fr			
		Mary .	Private Residenc		ner (Specify)		
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4.	Educational Military Entertainment Museum OWNER OF PROPERTY		Religious		er (Specify)		
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<b>L</b>	Educational Military Entertainment Museum  OWNER OF PROPERTY  OWNERS NAME:  Stewart and Oli:  STREET AND NUMBER:  Bairy Road  CITY OR TOWN:  Farkton  LOCATION OF LEGAL DESC  COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DESCRIPTION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF LAND RECORDS, LEGISTRY OF DESCRIPTION OF LEGAL D	ve Roser  RIPTION DEEDS. ETC: iber 1599	Religious Scientific  , f. 132, Con	state: Md.	21204		
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5.	Educational Military Entertainment Museum  OWNER OF PROPERTY  OWNERS NAME:  Stewart and Oli:  STREET AND NUMBER:  Bairy Road  CITY OR TOWN:  Farkton  LOCATION OF LEGAL DESC  COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DESCRIPTION OF LEGAL	ve Roser  ERIPTION DEEDS. ETC: Diber 1599	Religious Scientific  , f. 132, Con	state:  Md.  state:  Md.  state:  Ad.  eres and 93	21204 perches	CODE	
5.	Educotional Military Entertainment Museum  OWNER OF PROPERTY  OWNERS NAME:  Stewart and Oli  STREET AND NUMBER:  Pairy Road  CITY OR TOWN:  Farkton  LOCATION OF LEGAL DESC  COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF E  Land Records, L  STREET AND NUMBER:  "Ashington Aven  CITY OR TOWN:  Towson, ***  APPROXIMATE ACREAGE OF  REPRESENTATION IN EXIST  TITLE OF SURVEY:	ve Roser  ERIPTION DEEDS. ETC: Diber 1599	Religious Scientific  f. 132, Con	state:  Md.  state:  Md.  state:  Ad.  eres and 93	21204 perches	CODE	
5.	Educational Military Entertainment Museum  OWNER OF PROPERTY  OWNERS NAME:  Stewart and Oli  STREET AND NUMBER:  Pairy Road  CITY OR TOWN:  Farkton  LOCATION OF LEGAL DESC  COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF E  Land Records, L  STREET AND NUMBER:  "ashington Aven  CITY OR TOWN:  Towson, Mix  APPROXIMATE ACREAGE OF  REPRESENTATION IN EXIST  TITLE OF SURVEY:  DATE OF SURVEY:  DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RE	ve Roser  ERIPTION DEEDS. ETC: Diber 1599	Religious Scientific  f. 132, Con	state:  Md.  state:  Md.  state:  Ad.  eres and 93	21204 perches	CODE	

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ESCRIPTION	N. R. FIELD SHEET
	(Check One)
CONDITION	Excellent 😾 Good 🗌 Fair 🗌 Deteriorated 🗍 Ruins 🗍 Unexpased 🗍
INTEGRITY	(Check One) (Check One)
	Altered Unoltered Moved Original Site
ESCRIBE THE P	RESENT AND ORIGINAL (If known) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE
now covere	rist mill with various wings, first story of stone, rest framed with composition shingles; three loading doors and projectionage addition. Water wheel has been dismantled.

S

	7	V. R. FIELD	1-1-1			<i>D4</i> -	180
IGNIFICANCE			ines:				
PERIOD (Check One	or More as	Appropriate)			(0)		
Pre-Calumbi	an 🗌	16th Cent	ury 🗌	18th Centur	. <sub>y 🔼</sub> (?)	20th Century	
15th Century	· 🗆	17th Cent	ury 🗌	19th Centur	у 🗌		
SPECIFIC DATE(S) (I	f Applicab	le and Known)					
AREAS OF SIGNIFICA	NCE (Che	eck One or More a	s Approprie	ate)			
Abar iginol		Education		Palitical		Urban Planning	
Prehistoric		Engineering		Religion/Phi-		Other (Specify)	
Historic		Industry	X	lasaphy			
Agriculture		Invention		Science			
Art		Londscope		Sculpture			
Commerce		Architectur	e 🗌	Sacial/Human-			
Cammunicatio	ns 🗌	Literature		itorian			
Canservation		Military		Theater			
		Music		Tronsportation	$\Box$		

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE (Include Personages, Dates, Events, Etc.)

This is the only 18th Century Mill in Baltimore County still grinding any form of grain product. It is traditionally dated at 1786 and was on the tract Calders Castle, 662 acres, land shown on both 1783 and 1798 tax lists as James Galder's Calder's. However, Sheriff Calder's buildings are not enumerated on the 1798 list, nor does the mill appear on the 1795 map by Griffith.

The James Calder estate was divided in 1811, the same year that Sarah Calder married James Turner (1783-1863), Hist. of B.City & B.County, p. 872. The 1850 map shows the mill as J. Turners, i.e, James Calder Turner. The property passed to James Calder Turner, Jr. in 1875 and to his sister Martha Turner in the same year. The atlas incorrectly shows Miss G.C. Turner's mill. Following a lawsuit against Miss Turner and other relatives in 1884, the court ordered the property sold, and David Anstine bought the mill and 10 acres for \$1721.86, BCLR WALL No. 143, f. 588.

However, by 1888, Anstine was insolvent, and the mill was advertised in B.C. Union, January 21, 1898, "a mill on a strong stream with all modern improved machinery and an excellent run of custom." Anstine's wife, Ellen F., was the highest bidder at the sale; she sold to William Wise. 1889. Wise sold six months later to Elizabeth A. Jones. In 1891, the Jones' sold to George W. Carr. Carr's widow, Grizella, sold the mill to Lemuel M. Carr and wife, 1912. In 1915, Carr deeded it to J. Frank Shultz. Shultz sold to Joseph E. Walter in 1919. Walter to William E. Smoot, 1920; and in 1921, Walter bought the mill back and held it until 1938, when it was purchased by Stuart and Clive Roser, present owners, BCLR 1599, f. 132.

The mill is on Owl Branch of Little (Gunpowder) Falls on Dairy Road west of Parkton. It is now a feed mill and has operated on electricity since the Harrisburg Expressway (I-83) took the water supply. Burr stones and old mill machinery are still present, including parts of other mills. The water wheel has been dismantled.

Fr. Roser reported in 1967 that sales were once \$97,000 but were down to 38,000, but reduced overhead kept the profit about the same. The antique mill has been enlarged, refloored, and covered with asbestoes shingles. This is The mill house is of stone, covered with clapboard, heavily shaded by trees. The highway was recently moved away from the loading platform.

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0. GEOG	RAPHICAI	L DATA							
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CORNER	<del></del>	inutes Seconds	+				Degrees Minutes Seconds	Degrees Minute	
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STATE:					CODE	Τ,	COUNTY		CODE
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ORGANI:	ltimor	e County		ical	Socie	_	TATE	Âug. 27,	1971   code
Ce	nckevev	: <b>]</b> ]_					14 21030		
2. STATE	LIAISON	ille I OFFICER (	ERTIFIC	ATION		1	NATIONAL REGISTI	ER VERIFICATI	ON
tional 89-66: in the evalu forth level	Historic I 5), I hereb National ated accor- by the Nat of signific lational	ed State Liai Preservation y nominate th Register and ding to the c ional Park Se cance of this State	Act of 196 axis propert certify the riteria and ervice. Ti nominatio	66 (Publity for income at it has disproceduments) for is:	ic Law clusion been lires set mended		I hereby certify that this pr National Register.  Chief, Office of Archeology	y and Historic P	reservation
							ATTEST:  Keeper of The N	Vational Register	·

Form 10-445 (5/62)

LSTATE Manufland county Baltimore VICINITY Dist. VII street no. on Cwl Branch of Little Falls at Hillcrest & Stablersville | Roads DATE OR PERIOD ORIGINAL USE PRESENT OWNER PRESENT USE

WALL CONSTRUCTION

NO. OF STORIES

HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY INVENTORY BA-137/80

2 NAME Rosen Mill

STYLE ARCHITECT BUILDER

3. FOR LIBRARY OF CONGRESS USE

4. NOTABLE FEATURES, HISTORICAL SIGNIFICANCE AND DESCRIPTION

OPEN TO PUBLIC

Criginal frame building has been covered with asbestos shingles, but evidences of its early construction remain in the use of wooden pins in the roof rafters. Burr stones and old mill machinery are there, but modern machinery has been installed as well as electricity. Mill changed hands many times. Maps of 1863 and 1877 refer to it as the Turner Mill. Presently a feed mill; operated by Stuart Roser since 1938.

> (second HABS report) E. Frances Offutt HABS COMMITTEE OF BALITMORE COUNTY WISTORICAL SOCIETY March 20, 1968

5. PHYSICAL CONDITION OF STRUCTURE Endangered

Exterior

	3
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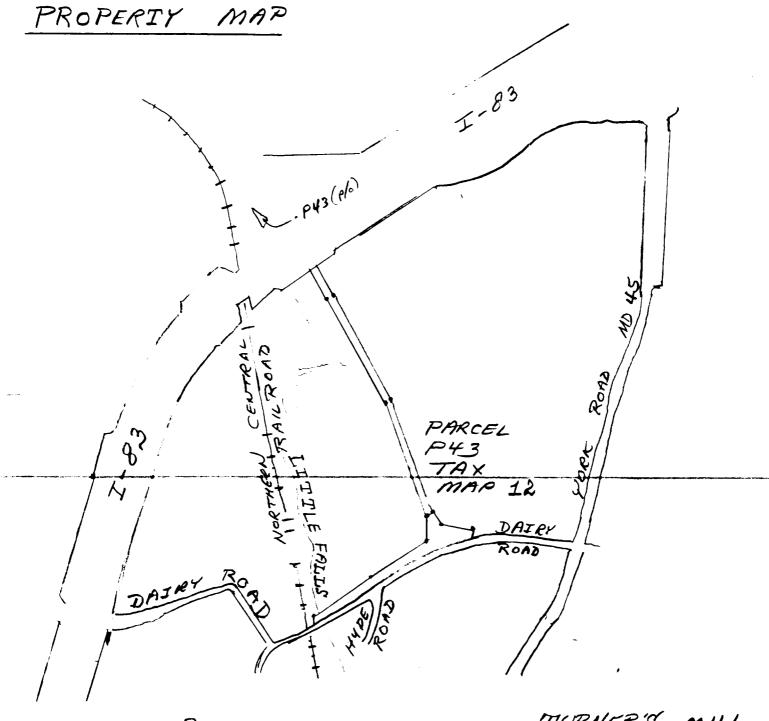
6. LOCATION MAP (Plan Optional)

7. PHOTOGRAPH

3. PUBLISHED SOURCES (Author, Title, Pages) INTERVIEWS, RECORDS, PHOTOS, ETC.

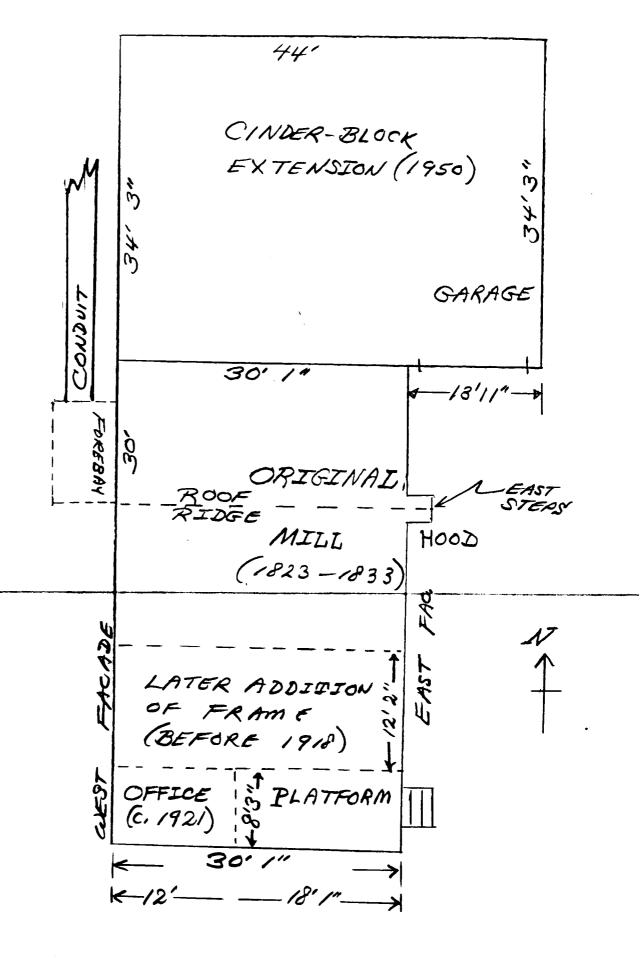
9. NAME, ADDRESS AND TITLE OF RECORDER

DATE OF RECORD

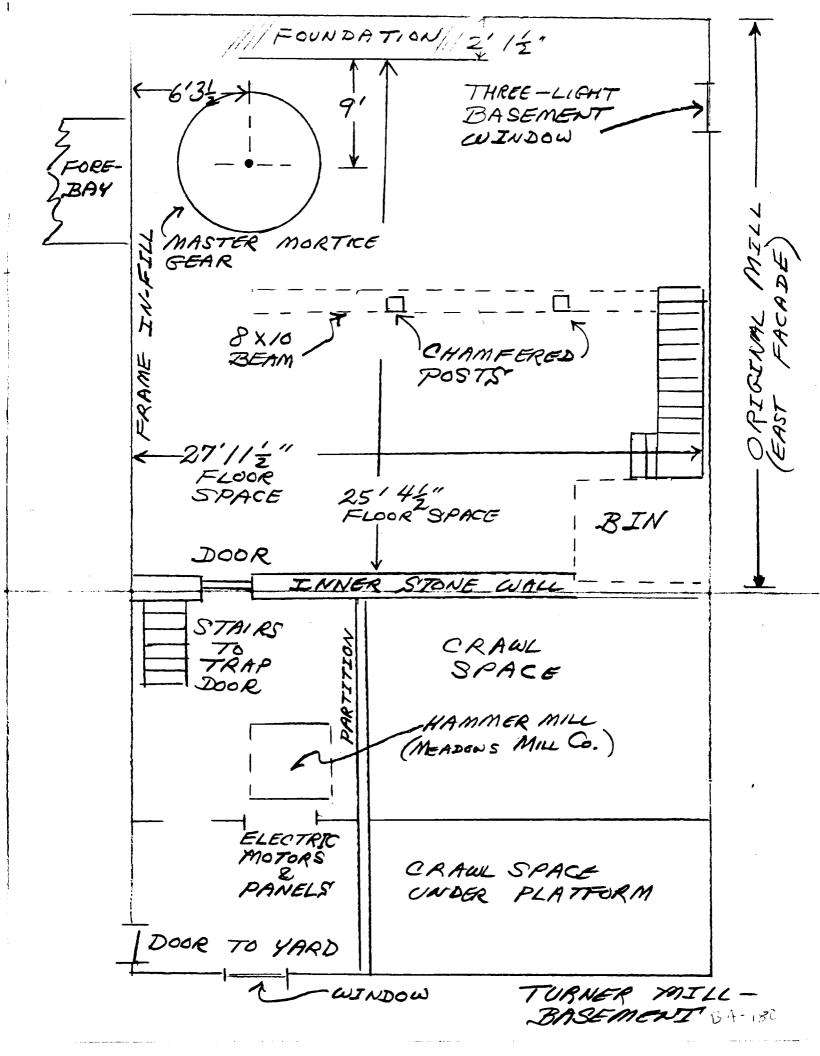


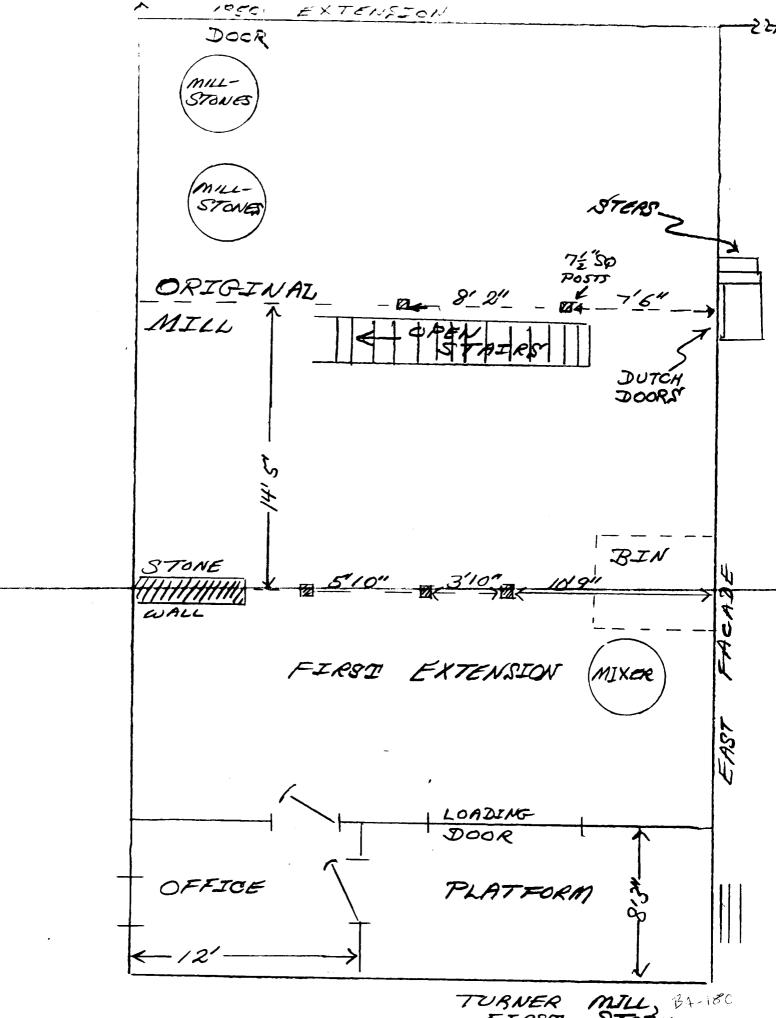
SCALE: 1 INCH=
600 FEET

TURNER'S MILL BA-180

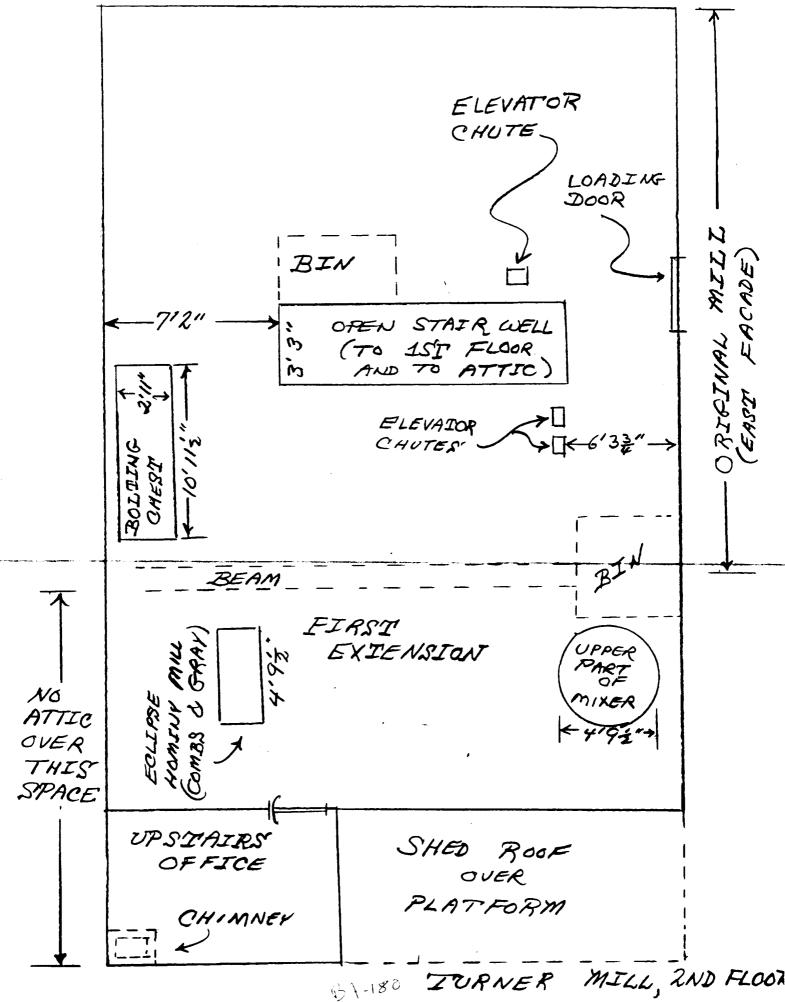


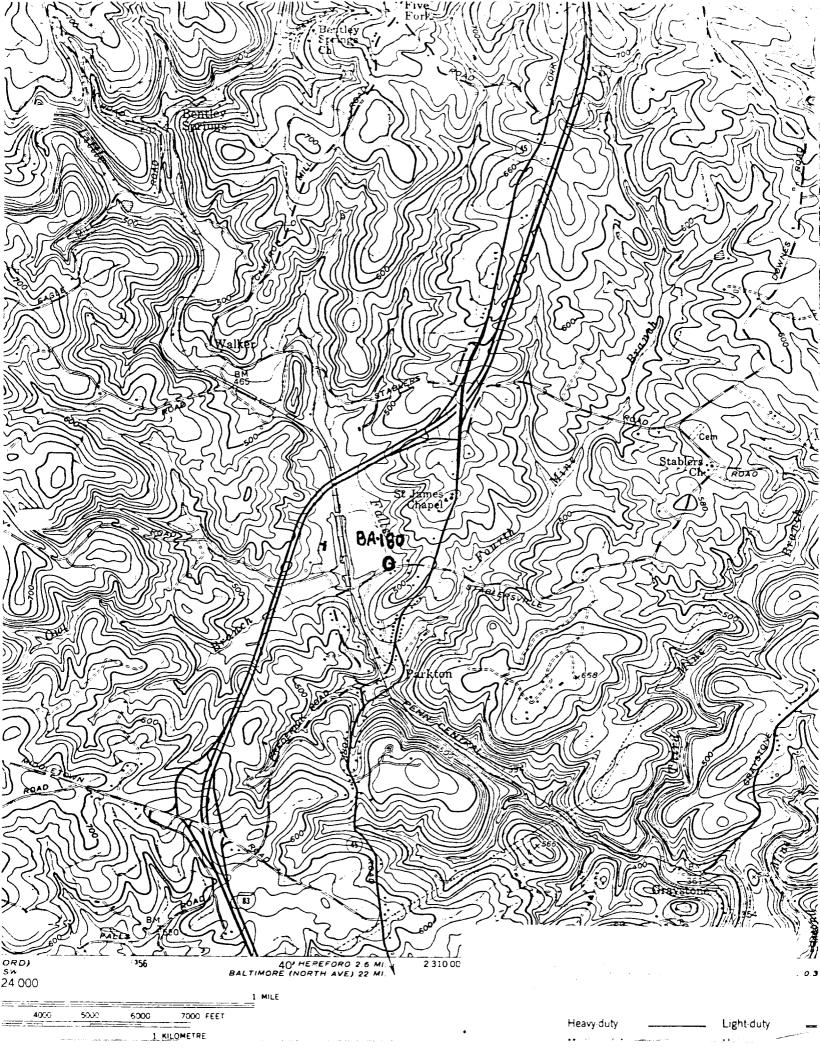
TURNER'S MILL, OVERALL VIEW BA-180





MILL, BA-180 STORY FIRST







Turner Mill
Baltimore County, Maryland
John McGrain, May 4 1980
Neg located at MHT
South and East facades (from SE)
Photo 1 of 6



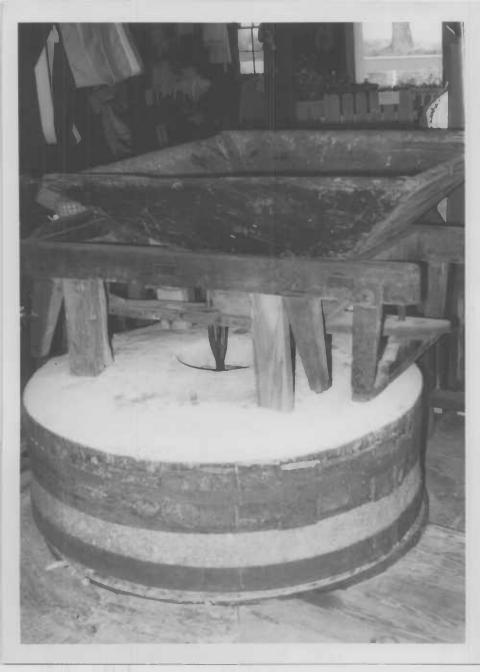
Turner Mill
Baltimore County, Maryland
John McGrain, May 4 1980
Neg located at MHT
West facade or rear (from SW)
Photo 2 of 6



Turner Mill BA-180
Baltimore County, Maryland
John McGrain, May 4 1980
Neg located at MHT
South facade (from SE)
Photo 3 of 6)



Turner Mill BA-180
Baltimore County, Maryland
John McGrain, May 4 1980
Neg located at MHT
Millstones & hopper, with vat
Photo 4 of 6



Turner Mill BA-180
Baltimore County, Maryland
John McGrain, May 4, 1980
Neg located at MHT
Millstones and hopper, minus vat
Photo 5 of 6



Turner Mill Baltimore County, Maryland John McGrain, May 4 1980 Neg located at MHT Bevel gear, south facade Photo 6 of 6 BA-180



Turner Mill

BA-180

Baltimore County, Maryland

John McGrain, May 4 1980

Neg located at MHT

South and East facades (from SE)

Photo 1 of 9



Turner Mill BA-180
Baltimore County, Maryland
John McGrain, May 4, 1980
Neg located at MHT
West facade or rear (from SW)
Photo 2 of 9



Turner Mill BA-180
Baltimore County, Maryland
John McGrain, May 4 1980
Neg located at MHT
South facade (from SE)
Photo 3 of 9



Turner Mill BA-180
Baltimore County, Maryland
John McGrain, May 4 1980
Neg located at MHT
Millstones & hopper, with vat
Photo 4 of 9



TURNER MILL BA-180
Baltimore County, Maryland
John McGrain, May 4 1980
Neg located at MHT
Millstones and hopper, minus vat
Photo 5 of 9



Turner Mill
Baltimore County, Maryland
John McGrain May 4 1980
Neg located at MHT
Bevel gear, south facade
Photo 6 of 9

BA-180



Turner Mill

Baltimore County, Maryland

John McGrain

Oct 30 1980

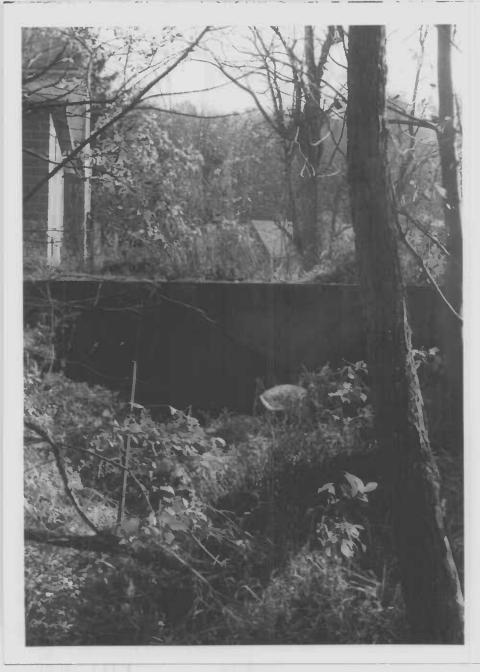
Neg Located at MHT

Mill and Dwelling, setting from west

Photo 7 of 9



Turner Mill BA-180
Baltimore County, Maryland
John McGrain Oct 30 1980
Neg Located at MHT
Millrace, looking upstream
Photo 8 of 9



Turner Mill

Baltimore County, Maryland

John McGrain

Neg Located at MHT

Forebay and Millrace, looking south

toward mill

Photo 9 of 9